

Steven W. Troxler Commissioner

North Carolina Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services Veterinary Division

Christina L. Waggett Assistant Commissioner for Consumer Protection

Michael Martin, DVM State Veterinarian

March 1, 2022

Ginger Parrish Board President SPCA of Northeastern NC 102 Enterprise Drive Elizabeth City, NC 27909

NOTICE of WARNING

Re: Violations of Title 02 N.C. Administrative Code ("NCAC") Chapter 52J, Sections .0402; .0404(a); and .0419(7).

AWS-WL-2022-2

Animal Shelter: SPCA of Northeastern NC

Registration Number: 162

Dear Ms. Parrish:

The Animal Welfare Section ("AWS") of the Veterinary Division of the N.C. Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services ("NCDA&CS") has assessed Civil Penalties against a Certified Euthanasia Technician ("CET") currently employed by the SPCA of Northeastern NC Animal Shelter (the "shelter") and a CET previously employed by the shelter.

The previously employed CET was assessed a Civil Penalty for euthanizing 48 animals at the shelter from October 28, 2021 through January 27, 2022 after her CET registration expired on October 27, 2021. Euthanizing animals at a shelter without a valid CET registration from AWS is a violation of 02 NCAC 52J .0402 and .0404(a).

The currently employed CET was assessed a Civil Penalty for euthanizing an animal away from the shelter premises in conjunction with her shelter duties. An AWS investigation found that the previous Director of Operations directed this CET to euthanize the private citizen's animal knowing that the animal was too large, and the weather was too severe for the owner to bring the animal to the shelter. The euthanasia of this animal outside of the confines of the shelter was a violation of 02 NCAC 52J .0419(7).

While the Civil Penalties were assessed to the parties most responsible for these violations, the shelter needs to consider its own responsibility for the actions of its employees. The CET registration certificates are contained in the Euthanasia Manual which should be readily available to the shelter administration. In

addition, the CET was following the directives of her supervisor when the violation of 02 NCAC 52J .0419(7) occurred.

This Warning Letter serves as written notice indicating in which respects the shelter may have violated the N.C. Animal Welfare Act ("AWA") and the rules issued pursuant thereto. I strongly encourage the shelter to review all written policies relative to the shelter's euthanasia practices and update the policies and protocols to prevent a recurrence of these violations and avoid any other violations of the NC AWA and is associated rules.

Continued or future violation of these statutes or regulations will be considered a willful disregard or violation of the N.C. Animal Welfare Act and the rules issued pursuant thereto. Such willful disregard or violation may result in action against your facility's registration pursuant to N.C. General Statute § 19A-30 and/or the assessment of a civil penalty of up to \$5,000.00 per violation under N.C. General Statute § 19A-40.

Your immediate attention to this matter is appreciated.

Sincerely,

Patricia Norris, DVM, MS Director of Animal Welfare Section Veterinary Division

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cc: Michael Martin, DVM, State Veterinarian; Jonathan Lanier, General Counsel, NCDA&CS; Christina L. Waggett, Assistant Commissioner, NCDA&CS; Christopher R. McLennan, Assistant Attorney General

Appendix

REFERENCED STATUES AND REGULATIONS

§ 19A-24. Powers of Board of Agriculture.

- (a) The Board of Agriculture shall:
 - (1) Establish standards for the care of animals at animal shelters, boarding kennels, pet shops, and public auctions. A boarding kennel that offers dog day care services and has a ratio of dogs to employees or supervisors, or both employees and supervisors, of not more than 10 to one, shall not as to such services be subject to any regulations that restrict the number of dogs that are permitted within any primary enclosure.
 - (2) Prescribe the manner in which animals may be transported to and from registered or licensed premises.
 - (3) Require licensees and holders of certificates to keep records of the purchase and sale of animals and to identify animals at their establishments.
 - (4) Adopt rules to implement this Article, including federal regulations promulgated under Title 7, Chapter 54, of the United States Code.
 - (5) Adopt rules on the euthanasia of animals in the possession or custody of any person required to obtain a certificate of registration under this Article. An animal shall only be put to death by a method and delivery of method approved by the American Veterinary Medical Association, the Humane Society of the United States, or the American Humane Association. The Department shall establish rules for the euthanasia process using any one or combination of methods and standards prescribed by the three aforementioned organizations. The rules shall address the equipment, the process, and the separation of animals, in addition to the animals' age and condition. If the gas method of euthanasia is approved, rules shall require (i) that only commercially compressed carbon monoxide gas is approved for use, and (ii) that the gas must be delivered in a commercially manufactured chamber that allows for the individual separation of animals. Rules shall also mandate training for any person who participates in the euthanasia process.
- (b) In addition to rules on the euthanasia of animals adopted pursuant to subdivision (5) of subsection (a) of this section, the Board of Agriculture shall adopt rules for the certification of euthanasia technicians. The rules may provide for:
 - (1) Written and practical examinations for persons who perform euthanasia.
 - (2) Issuance of certification to persons who have successfully completed both training and examinations to become a euthanasia technician.
 - (3) Recertification of euthanasia technicians on a periodic basis.
 - (4) Standards and procedures for the approval of persons who conduct training of euthanasia technicians.
 - (5) Approval of materials for use in euthanasia technician training.
 - (6) Minimum certification criteria for persons seeking to become euthanasia technicians including, but not limited to: age; previous related experience; criminal record; and other qualifications that are related to an applicant's fitness to perform euthanasia.
 - (7) Denial, suspension, or revocation of certification of euthanasia technicians who:
 - a. Violate any provision of this Article or rules adopted pursuant to this Article;
 - b. Have been convicted of or entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to:
 - 1. Any felony;
 - 2. Any misdemeanor or infraction involving animal abuse or neglect; or

- 3. Any other offense related to animal euthanasia, the duties or responsibilities of a euthanasia technician, or a euthanasia technician's fitness for certification;
- c. Make any false statement, give false information, or omit material information in connection with an application for certification or for renewal or reinstatement of certification as a euthanasia technician; or
- d. Otherwise are or become ineligible for certification.
- (8) Provision of the names of persons who perform euthanasia at animal shelters and for the animal shelter to notify the Department when those persons are no longer affiliated, employed, or serving as a volunteer with the shelter.
- (9) Certified euthanasia technicians to notify the Department when they are no longer employed by or are serving as a volunteer at an animal shelter.
- (10) The duties, responsibilities, and standards of conduct for certified euthanasia technicians.
- (c) Regardless of the extent to which the Board exercises its authority under subsection (b) of this section, the Department may deny, revoke, or suspend the certification of a euthanasia technician who has been convicted of or entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to a felony involving the illegal use, possession, sale, manufacture, distribution, or transportation of a controlled substance, drug, or narcotic.
- (d) Persons seeking certification as euthanasia technicians, or a renewal of such certification, shall provide the Department a fingerprint card in a format acceptable to the Department, a form signed by the person consenting to a criminal record check and the use of the person's fingerprints, and such other identifying information as may be required by the State or national data banks. The Department may deny certification to persons who refuse to provide the fingerprint card or consent to the criminal background check. Fees required by the Department of Public Safety for conducting the criminal background check shall be collected by the Department and remitted to the Department of Public Safety along with the fingerprint card and consent form.

§ 19A-30. Refusal, suspension or revocation of certificate or license.

The Director may refuse to issue or renew or may suspend or revoke a certificate of registration for any animal shelter or a license for any public auction, kennel, pet shop, or dealer, if after an impartial investigation as provided in this Article he determines that any one or more of the following grounds apply:

- (1) Material misstatement in the application for the original certificate of registration or license or in the application for any renewal under this Article:
- (2) Willful disregard or violation of this Article or any rules issued pursuant thereto;
- (3) Failure to provide adequate housing facilities and/or primary enclosures for the purposes of this Article, or if the feeding, watering, sanitizing and housing practices at the animal shelter, public auction, pet shop, or kennel are not consistent with the intent of this Article or the rules adopted under this Article;
- (4) Allowing one's license under this Article to be used by an unlicensed person;
- (5) Conviction of any crime an essential element of which is misstatement, fraud, or dishonesty, or conviction of any felony;
- (6) Making substantial misrepresentations or false promises of a character likely to influence, persuade, or induce in connection with the business of a public auction, commercial kennel, pet shop, or dealer;
- (7) Pursuing a continued course of misrepresentation of or making false promises through advertising, salesmen, agents, or otherwise in connection with the business to be licensed;

(8) Failure to possess the necessary qualifications or to meet the requirements of this Article for the issuance or holding of a certificate of registration or license.

The Director shall, before refusing to issue or renew and before suspension or revocation of a certificate of registration or a license, give to the applicant or holder thereof a written notice containing a statement indicating in what respects the applicant or holder has failed to satisfy the requirements for the holding of a certificate of registration or a license. If a certificate of registration or a license is suspended or revoked under the provisions hereof, the holder shall have five days from such suspension or revocation to surrender all certificates of registration or licenses issued thereunder to the Director or his authorized representative.

A person to whom a certificate of registration or a license is denied, suspended, or revoked by the Director may contest the action by filing a petition under G.S. 150B-23 within five days after the denial, suspension, or revocation.

Any licensee whose license is revoked under the provisions of this Article shall not be eligible to apply for a new license hereunder until one year has elapsed from the date of the order revoking said license or if an appeal is taken from said order of revocation, one year from the date of the order or final judgment sustaining said revocation. Any person who has been an officer, agent, or employee of a licensee whose license has been revoked or suspended and who is responsible for or participated in the violation upon which the order of suspension or revocation was based, shall not be licensed within the period during which the order of suspension or revocation is in effect.

§ 19A-40. Civil Penalties.

The Director may assess a civil penalty of not more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) against any person who violates a provision of this Article or any rule promulgated thereunder. In determining the amount of the penalty, the Director shall consider the degree and extent of harm caused by the violation. The clear proceeds of civil penalties assessed pursuant to this section shall be remitted to the Civil Penalty and Forfeiture Fund in accordance with G.S. 115C-457.2.

02 NCAC 52J .0402 AUTHORIZED PERSONS

Only a Certified Euthanasia Technician, Probationary Euthanasia Technician, or a veterinarian licensed to practice veterinary medicine in North Carolina may euthanize an animal in a certified animal shelter. A Certified Euthanasia Technician shall not euthanize animals using a method for which he or she is not currently certified except as specified in 02 NCAC 52J .0700.

History Note: Authority G.S. 19A-24; Eff. March 23, 2009.

02 NCAC 52J .0404 CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS FOR EUTHANASIA TECHNICIANS

(a) Individuals who perform euthanasia must be trained and qualified as a Certified Euthanasia Technician as set forth in this Section.

History Note: Authority G.S. 19A-24; Eff. March 23, 2009.

02 NCAC 52J .0419 GROUNDS FOR DISCIPLINE - CERTIFIED EUTHANASIA TECHNICIANS

The Department may refuse to issue, renew, or reinstate the certification of a Euthanasia Technician, or may deny, revoke, suspend, sanction, or place on probation, impose other forms of discipline, and enter into consent agreements and negotiated settlements with Certified Euthanasia Technician pursuant to the procedures set forth in G.S. 150B, Article 3, for any of the following reasons:

(7) Unethical or Unprofessional Conduct. Unethical or unprofessional conduct means to knowingly engage in conduct of a character likely to deceive or defraud the public. Such conduct includes working in conjunction with any agency or person illegally practicing as a Certified Euthanasia Technician; failing to provide sanitary facilities or apply sanitary procedures for the euthanizing of any animal; euthanizing animals in a manner that endangers the health or welfare of the public; gross ignorance, incompetence or inefficiency in the euthanizing of animals as determined by the practices generally and currently followed and accepted as approved by the American Veterinary Medical Association, the Humane Society of the United States or the American Humane Association; intentionally performing a duty, task or procedure involved in the euthanizing of animals for which the individual is not qualified; and swearing falsely in any testimony or affidavits relating to practicing as a Certified Euthanasia Technician;

History Note: Authority G.S. 19A-24; Eff. March 23, 2009.